

condemnation of 25 kegs of chestnuts, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Tampa, Fla., alleging that the article had been shipped by Lee I. Schweiger, from New York, N. Y., on or about November 19, 1930, and had been transported from the State of New York into the State of Florida, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance.

On January 27, 1931, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

**18147. Adulteration of canned sardines. U. S. v. 376 Cases of Admiral Brand American Sardines, et al. Default decrees of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 25165, 25166. I. S. Nos. 19651, 19652. S. No. 3388.)**

Samples of canned sardines from the shipments herein described having been found to be diseased and decomposed, the Secretary of Agriculture reported the matter to the United States attorney for the Western District of Texas.

On September 24, 1930, the United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid libels praying seizure and condemnation of 378 cases of canned sardines, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Waco, Tex., alleging that the article had been shipped by the R. J. Peacock Canning Co., from Lubec, Me., on or about July 5, 1930, and had been transported from the State of Maine into the State of Texas, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act. A portion of the article was labeled in part: "Admiral Brand American Sardines \* \* \* Packed by R. J. Peacock Canning Co., Lubec, Maine." The remainder of the said article was labeled in part: "Sea Lion Brand Maine Sardines \* \* \* Packed by Seacoast Canning Co., Eastport, Maine."

It was alleged in the libels that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in part of a decomposed, filthy, putrid, and diseased animal substance.

On November 11, 1930, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

**18148. Adulteration of rabbits. U. S. v. 1 Barrel of Rabbits. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 25875. I. S. No. 25374. S. No. 4125.)**

The rabbits from the shipment herein described having been found to be partially decomposed, the Secretary of Agriculture reported the matter to the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois.

On February 10, 1931, the United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one barrel of rabbits at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Wyaconda Produce Co., from Wyaconda, Mo., January 29, 1931, and had been transported from the State of Missouri into the State of Illinois, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in part of a decomposed animal substance.

On April 14, 1931, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

**18149. Adulteration of canned sardines. U. S. v. 439 Cases of Canned Sardines. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 25143. I. S. No. 6058. S. No. 3395.)**

The product herein described having been found to consist in large part of diseased fish, the Secretary of Agriculture reported the matter to the United States attorney for the Southern District of Indiana.

On September 27, 1930, the United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 439 cases of canned sardines, remaining in the original